# Teaching Interactive Computer Science

DD Sec. 5.1 - 5.4

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# **CRC Cards**

MainWindow	
Keep track of menus and	DataStructures
available menu options.	AnimationControl
Sends on commands	
given by the user.	

DataStructures	
Send a structure.	Structure
	AnimationCreator
Keep track of available	CurrentState
structures and functions.	MainWindow
Check CurrentState if a	
structure is loaded.	
Create a Structure (with	
info from CurrentState)	

AnimationCreator	
Create an	Structure
AnimationList from the	AnimationList
information given by	AnimationController
the structure sent.	

AnimationList	
Keep track of each step of an algorithm	Structure
Keep track of every updated state of the structure	
Keep a Structure	

AnimationWindow	
Needs to update a certain number of frames per second.	FrameList MainWindow
Draw each object given by the FrameList and on its right place.	

AnimationController	
Keep CurrentState up to	CurrentState
date.	MainWindow
	FrameCreator
Sends each animation step	
to the FrameCreator.	
Keep track of what buttons are clickable and sends that information to the main Window.	

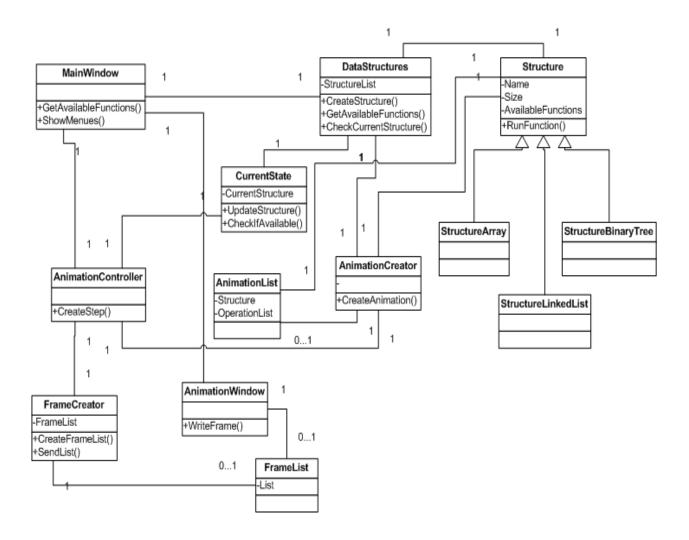
Structure	
Knows name	None
Knows size	
Knows available functions.	
Knows how the structure should be modeled.	
Knows what function to run.	

FrameList	
Keeps a list of each "frame" that is	None
needed for a operation on a	
datastructure.	
Each "frame" consists of coordinates	
and object types.	

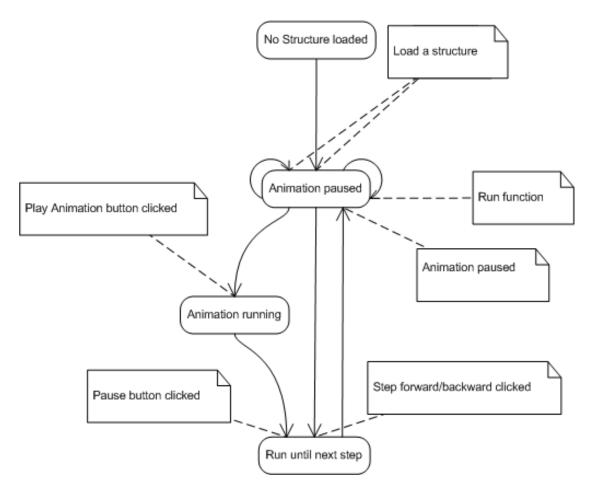
CurrentState	
Contains the	DataStructure
currently loaded	
Structure.	

FrameCreator	
Given an operation,	FrameList
create an animaion	
from it by creating a	
FrameList.	
Keep track of the	
structure and how	
objects move.	

## **Class diagram**



### **State diagram**



This state diagram describes how the animation system works.

The "No Structure loaded" state is the start state. It is the only state in which no animation or visualization is visible. As soon as a visualization is visible, the application will always show one until it is restarted.

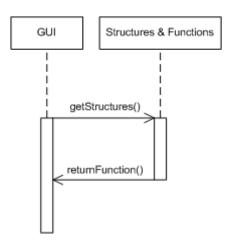
If you run a function, then a new animation visualizing it will be created which is then displayed. This animation will be paused though, so we will remain in the same "Animation Paused" state. From the animation state machine's point of view, creating a structure is no different from running a function. It will receive an animation to play, which is paused.

Note that the animation will only pause between steps. With steps we mean that an object has appeared/disappeared completely, an arrow has reached is new destination, etc. It is not possible to pause the animation when it is half-through an action or step. Therefore, the animation state machine has a "Run until next step" which is run automatically until a complete step has been finished. After that, it goes to the paused state.

# **Interaction diagram**

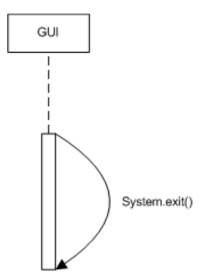
## **Starting the program**

This diagram represents how the modules communicate during the start of the program.



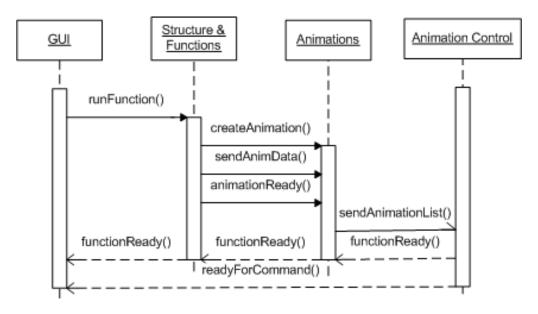
## Quitting the program

This diagram represents how the modules communicate when the program closes.



#### Run a function

This is how the modules communicate when the user runs a function.



#### Run an animation

This is how the animation control module communicates with the GUI and Animation Window when showing an animation.

