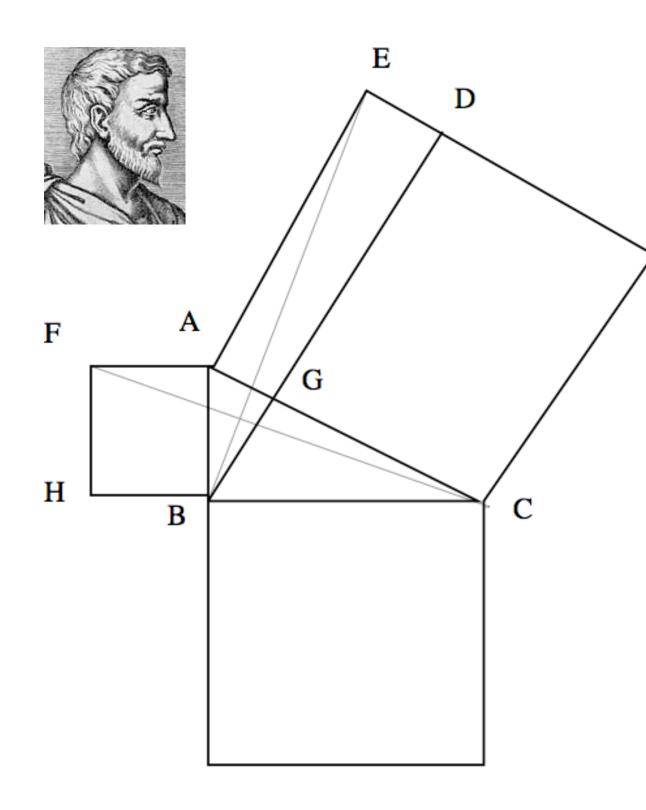


## Postmodern datalogihistoria-Några bilder stulna från Internet.

Stefan Arnborg, KTH

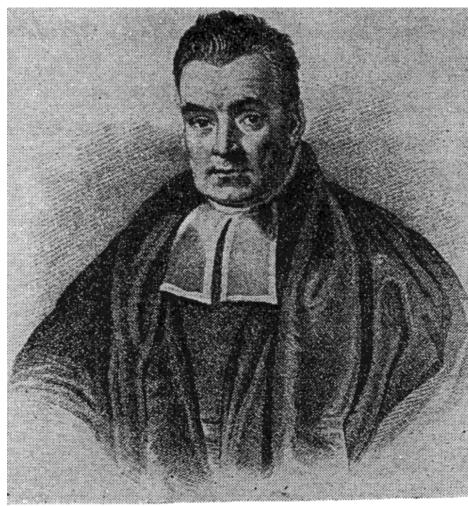
http://www.nada.kth.se/~stefan



Euclides' proof of the Pythagorean theorem.

Can a computer follow it? The text seems to be internally complete, but a human seems to need the figure to understand it.

## Thomas Bayes, amateur mathematician



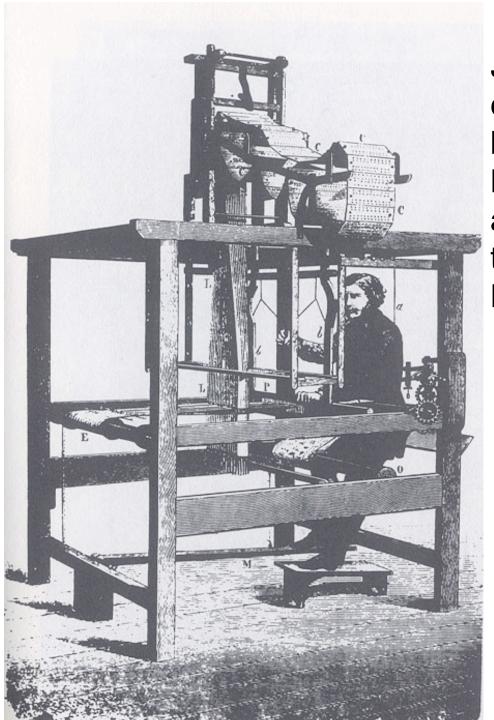
If we have a probability model of the world we know how to compute probabilities of events (at least, Kolmogorov knew).

But is it possible to learn about the world from events we see?

Bayes' proposal was forgotten but rediscovered by Laplace.

Robotics, AI, decision support, vision, data mining, user modeling

REV. T. BAYES

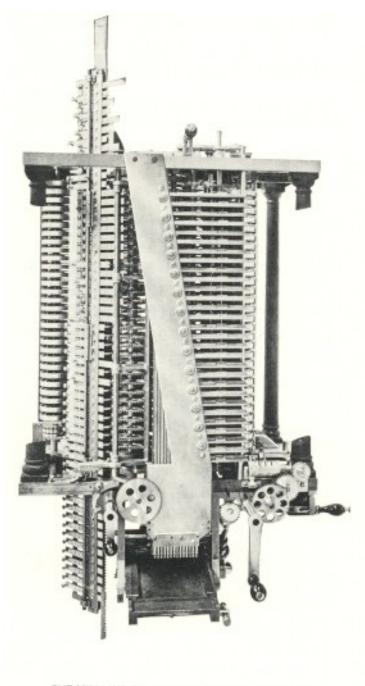


Jacquard invented , in 1804, computerized loom driven by punched program cards. Made possible use of less, and less skilled, labour in textile manufacturing. Punched cards used until 1980:s

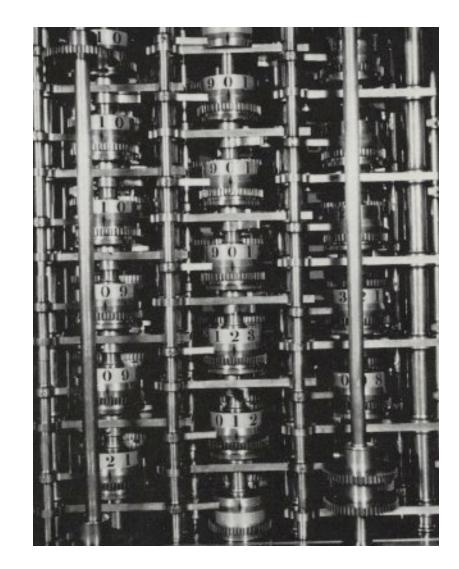




Mary Shelley - urged by Lord Byron -- describes how Frankenstein creates a human-like being from biological materials, and gives it life. But the being was -- and had to be -- emotionally dysfunctional



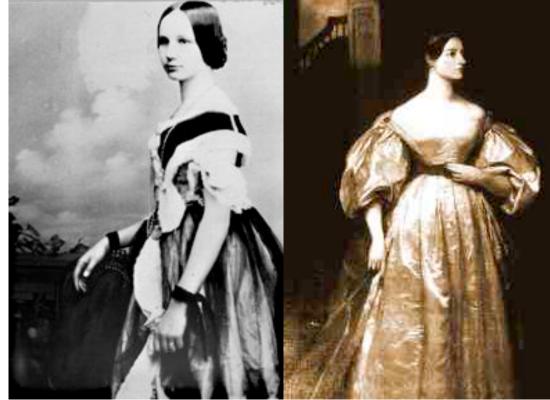
## Babbage's analytical engine



THE MILL AND PRINTING PARTS OF BABBAGE'S ANALYTICAL ENGINE. Lord Byron had several connections to computing: In the House of Lords, he took the side of workers destroying Jacquard's invention- first and only popular revolt against computers; Teased Mary Shelley to write Frankenstein; Father of Ada Lovelace Byron, 'first programmer'.



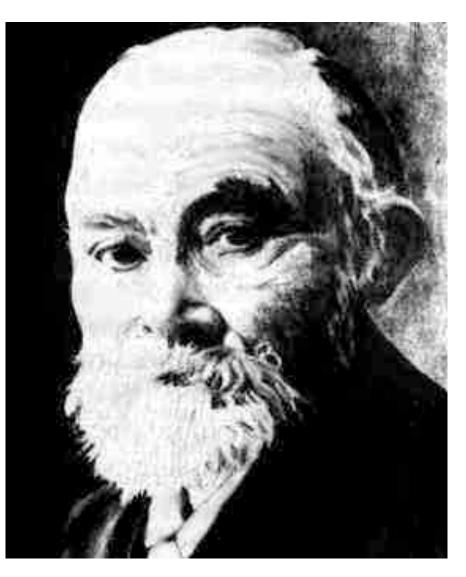




## Logic and Foundations of Mathematics: Frege, Peirce..

For 2200 years, investigators had learned Aristotle's logic from Organon -- without questioning it but applying it to problems of interest. Frege, Peirce, Russel investigated logic and its role as a mathematical discipline.

Frege defined modern predicate logic -- unfortunately for him with a rather weird notation.



STU — Planeringsunderlag

Tekniska utvecklingstendenser inom områdena elektronik, optisk teknik samt mätteknik-instrument-automation

Jonas Agerberg m fl, Bengt Kleman och C-J Andréen m fl



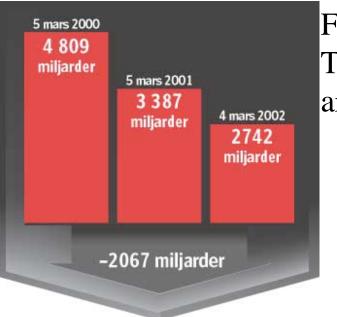
Pessimistic prediction for 1995, written in 1978

Artificial Intelligence will for the foreseeable future be less frequent than natural stupidity

Possible volume uses of computers: -writing standard letters with cut-and-paste -producing texts and signs for OH projectors and posters

Simple economic calculations, budget, etc.
Using the computer screen to find out, e.g., news from the steel industry or sports
Self-going vacuum cleaner

-Interesting development: computer-independent OS, UNIX. Unfortunately built on C, a programming language not available on most computers



Future computer technology: The limit is set by what users are willing to pay...



2067 miljarder gick upp i rök Sex Ericsson försvann i börskaos Svenska Dagbladet 4 mars 2002 Dataprojektor för färg, stor som risgryn, för en dollar Global uppkoppling, trådlös och fast Sensorer i sandkornsstorlek avläser allt, och skickar det rätt Mikromekaniska kretsar reparerar människor. Åldrandet avskaffas

Daedalus, 2002

## Feyerabend - Philosopher at work



Science is an essentially anarchistic enterprise

The only principle that does not inhibit progress is: ANYTHING GOES

Hypotheses contradicting well-confirmed theories give us evidence that cannot be obtained in other ways

If there is a driving force in science, it is aesthetics.

(Against Method, 1975)

"In the eyes of our critics the ozone hole above our heads, the moral law in our hearts, the autonomous text, may each be of interest, but only separately. That a delicate shuttle should have woven together the heavens, industry, texts, souls and moral law

- this remains uncanny, unthinkable, unseemly."

(We Have Never Been Modern, p. 5)

What would happen to the Great Divide between scientific and prescientific reasoning if the same field methods used to study Ivory Coast fawners were applied to first-rate scientists?

BURGUNDY CONTENTS FREDERIC RED WINE 750 ML WILDMAN PRODUCT ALCOHOL BMBY VOLUME OF FRANCE

APPELLATION BOUNCOGNE CONTRO

CUVÉE LATOUR

NEGOCIANT A BEAUNE (COTE-D'OR)



Parmenides Aristoteles Nietzsche Heidegger Popper Kuhn Feyerabend Pickering Verbeek Latour ...

What can anthropologists and post-modernists tell us about progress in science&technology?

## Monday, April 7 2005, 7 RM. Law School, Room 290 cture Discussion uesday April 8, 2005, 4 P.M. Stanford Humanities Cente 24 Sab Teres Shee Stamo of University Why has critical spiri run out of steam? About Iconoclash and beyond HUMANITIES GENTER

PRESIDENTIAL & ENDOWED LECTURES IN THE HUMANITIES & ARTS

Is Praxiteles' work already in the marble? Is Science&technology present in Nature?

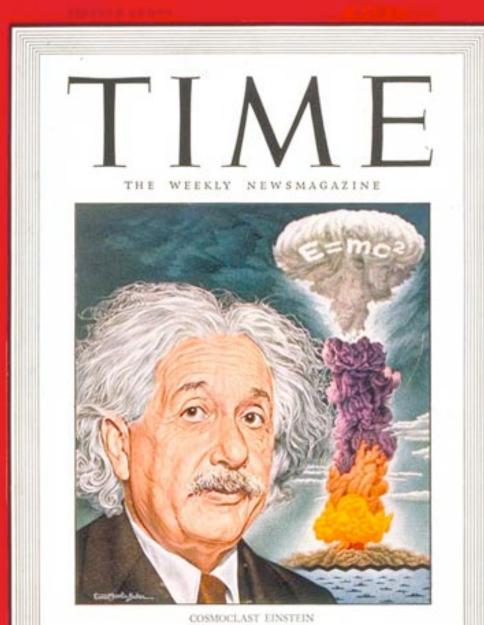
NO: Structure of Science (and Truth) is the outcome of a practice

Which claims can be resisted? Which can be made? Which allies can be brought in? Which links resist, and which break?

Scientific truth defined in 'centers of calculation' and verified in 'galleries' of a 'community of practice' extending through society as a human/artefact 'actor network'

(Latour, Science in action, 1985)





One of the biggest fabrications in science:

Einstein had nothing to do with the development of the scientific base of nuclear energy.

Friedman, Donley, 1985

All matter is speed and flatter.

## Microsoft Science 2020:

Rethink how we educate tomorrow's scientists.
 The education of today's children is a priority.
 Teaching of computing should be "more than just 'IT' classes and how to use PowerPoint. Make basic principles of computer science, such as abstraction and codification, a core part of the science curriculum"

Create new kinds of research institutes..."focused on 'grand challenges' rather than 'grand disciplines' "

 Develop innovative public-private partnerships to accelerate science-based innovation, and better mechanisms to create value from intellectual property



## En otidsenlig betraktelse

Människan är ett beundransvärt bygg-geni som på rinnande vatten bygger en katedral av begrepp. Bygget måste vara som av spindelväv, bräckligt nog för att bäras av vågen och stabilt nog att inte blåsas sönder av varje vind



# What does a CS dept look like?

Stanford University Computer Science Department

Center for Computer Research in Music and Acoustics (CCRMA) Knowledge Systems Laboratory (KSL) Stanford Concurrency Group (Boole group) Stanford Concurrency Group (Chu spaces) Stanford Distributed Systems Group (DSG) Stanford Medical Informatics (SMI) Stanford Scientific Computing Computational Mathematics Program (SCCM) Stanford SUIF Compiler Group Stanford University Database Group

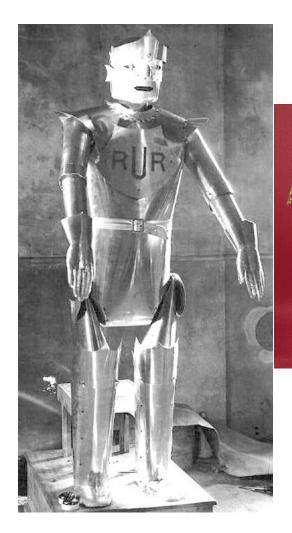
#### **Research Areas:**

- Algorithms
- Artificial Intelligence
- BioComputation
- Database & Information
   Systems
   Distributed
- Systems/Ubiquitous Computing
- Geometric Computation
- Graphics
- Hardware/Architecture
- Human Compute Interaction
- Internet Systems & Infrastructure
- Knowledge
   Representation 8
   Reasoning
- Machine Learning
- Math Theory of Computation
- Natural Language 8
   Speech
- Networks
- Probabilistic Methods & Game Theoretic Methods
- Programming Languages & Compiler
- Robotics, Vision & Physical Modeling
- Scientific Computing
- Security and Privacy
- Software/Operating Systems
- Systems Reliability/Depend

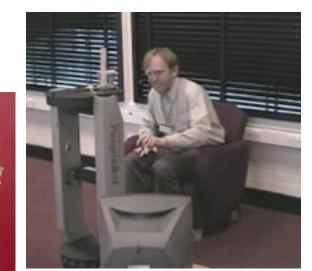
#### CS & CSL Research Areas

In the list below we do not partition research areas into categories such as "Artificial Intelligence" or "Computer Systems" since some areas fall into multiple categories. For instance, game theoretic methods could be considered part of AI or part of theory. (Additional Mapping Suggestions)

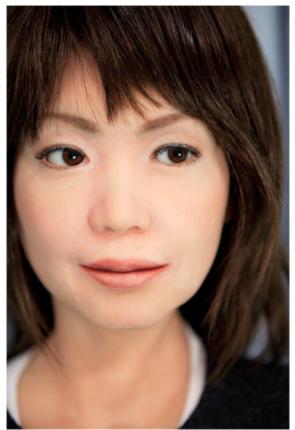
itecture iter	Research Area	Faculty	Û	Home Page Faculty Profile
n <u>s&amp;</u> ing f age&	Algorithms	Alex Aiken Leonidas Guibas Don Knuth Vladlen Koltun Rajeev Motwani Serge Plotkin Tim Roughgarde	n	
ethods & ic Compilers on & ling puting rivacy ating andability	Artificial Intelligence	Research Groups Theory Group Bio-X Stanford AI Laborate Geometric Computa Computer Graphics InfoLab Information Privacy Daphne Koller Jean-Claude Late John McCarthy Andrew Ng Nils Nilsson Yoav Shoham	ory tion Gr Labora	atory













### Reception Robot ACTROID®

KOKORO Co., Ltd. and Advanced Media, Inc. have developed "ACTROID", a female-type reception robot that has been designed as an "Android receptionist bearing a striking resemblance to a woman with a good command of four languages" with the objective of promoting a "System Development toward Practical Use" under the NEDO "2004 Next-Generation Robot Commercialization Project". ACTROID serves as a **Robot Information** at the World Expo 2005 Aichi, Japan running from March 25.

> rords of the visitors in four languages (Japanese, Chinese, ) can carry on conversations with the visitors on various vant language in a synthetic but true-to-life voice.

rfect analogy to humans. ACTROID is capable of text of conversation expressively just like a human-being (facial expressions, lip motions and benaviors).

eries

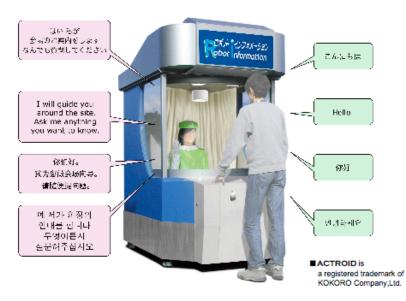
#### ACTROID

information

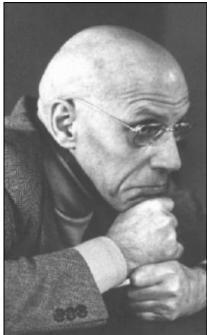
Android that makes conversation with human-like natural expressions and behaviors. Capable of recognizing four languages such as Japanese, English, Chinese and Korean.

#### Information Booth

A booth houses at its roof area: a sound collector microphone for voice recognition; an all-directional camera for image recognition; and a stereo-camera. Also, a human-detecting sensor is embedded in a table to detect a person near the booth and identify its position.







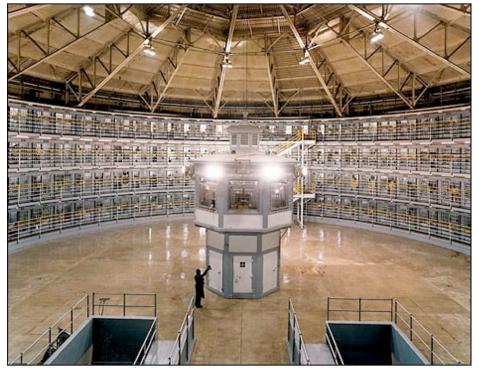
Law and bureaucrazy:

-- Do the patients and taxpayers own the health care system?

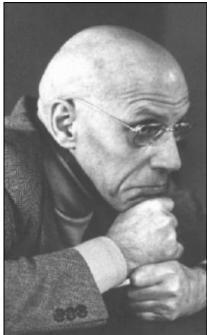
Or is it the opposite way around?

M. Foucault, Punir et Surveiller: Panopticon as symbol for disciplining humans

System structures determine who can see what



doug duBois & jim goldberg NYTImes 9-22-2002



Law and bureaucrazy:

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System structures determine who can see what



\* WIRED on Total Information Awareness WIRED (Dec 2, 2002) article "Total Info System Totally Touchy" discusses the Total Information Awareness system.

~~~ Quote:

"People have to move and plan before committing a terrorist act. Our hypothesis is their planning process has a signature." Jan Walker, Pentagon spokeswoman, in Wired, Dec 2, 2002.

"What's alarming is the danger of false positives based on incorrect data."

Herb Ec





Hedvig Sidenbladh-Chapman-Kolmogorov Dynamic tracking problems

 $f(\lambda_t \mid D_t) \propto f(d_t \mid \lambda_t) \int f(\lambda_t \mid \lambda_{t-1}) f(\lambda_{t-1} \mid D_{t-1}) d\lambda_{t-1}$ 

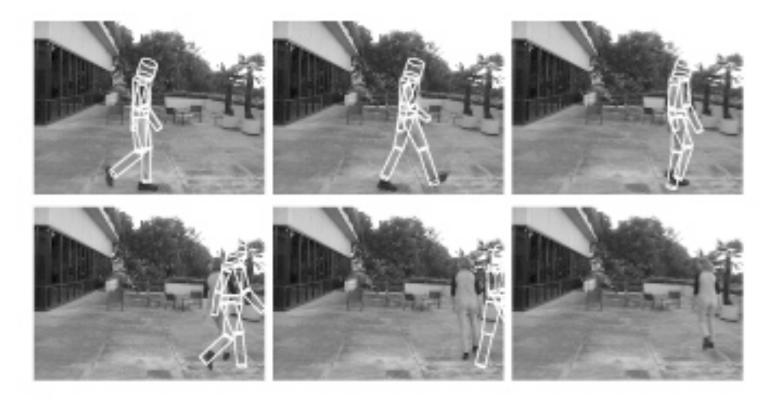
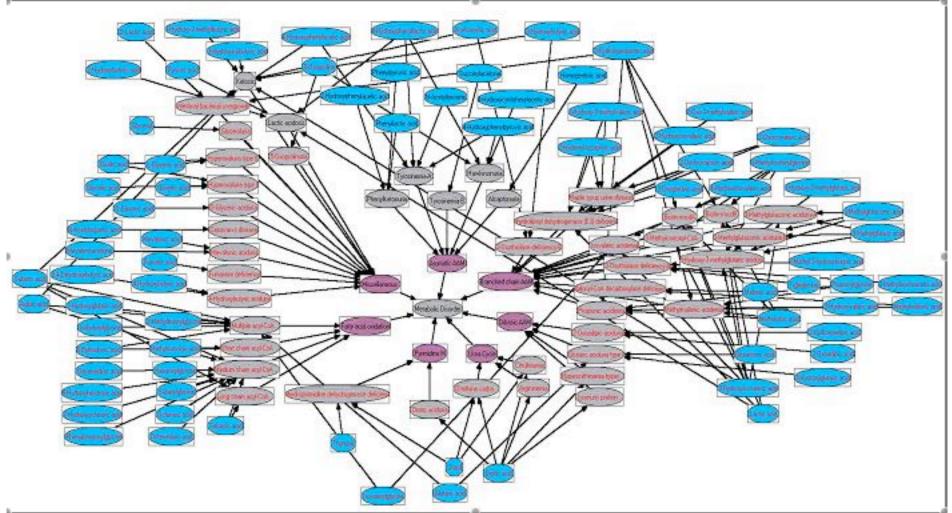
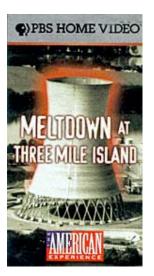


Figure 6.4: How strong is the walking prior? Tracking results for frames 0, 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50, when no image information is taken into account (uniform likelihood function).



Statistical model based on Bayesian Network to diagnose infant metabolic defects from gas chromatography data.

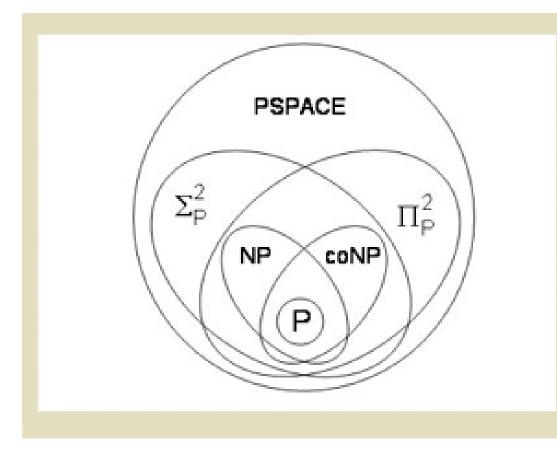


Current analyses did not account for training level of operators at theThree Mile Island plant





Nor the Macho privilege of the chief engineer at Chernobyl to disable the emergency stop system



Unless you know its combination,

10 61 78 20 12, you must try a billion combinations

# Opening a combination lock is difficult



# Winners of Cipher Challenge 2001

RSA cryptosystem uses that primality is easy, but factorization is difficult (Rivest, Shamir, Amir, 1971)



Produce two large primes and multiply them. Produce a pair of keys (E,D). With the product and E (public key) you can encrypt messages

but you can only decrypt if you have D and the product, or know E and the factors

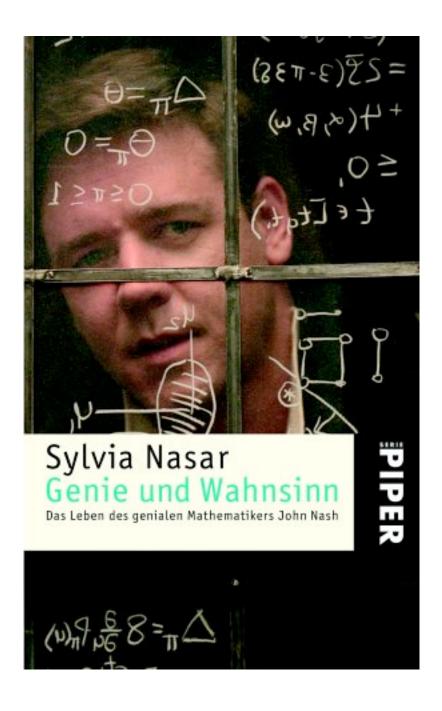
# Game Theory

Understanding competing and communicating agents must be based on models of their goals and capabilities.

Nash equilibria give full account of interactions between resourceful and informed agents

Harsanyi's Bayesian games also account for uncertainties on each others information and goals.

Game theory is important -because life is a game..





- Support transformation of tasks and solutions in a generic fashion
- Integrate different command levels and services in a dynamic organization
- Facilitate consistent situation awareness

## (Klas Wallenius, 2006)

## Technology --Can different systems speak with each other?



The Tower of Babel was built thousands of years ago -but is also being built today

Maybe something with the human genes?

# Challenges in Computer Engineering

•Despite significant recent improvements, we badly need:

SAFE COMPUTER SYSTEMS
USABLE COMPUTER SYSTEMS
SECURE COMPUTER SYSTEMS



# That's all, folks!

