

Galerkin orthogonality property: (G) - (G)

$$\int_0^1 (u - U)' v' dx = 0 \quad \forall v \in V_h \quad (G.O.)$$

(Since all functions in V_h are also in V : $V_h \subset V$)

Norms: measure the size of a function
(compare absolute value for a number)

L_2 -norm: $\|f\| = \left(\int_0^1 |f(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2}$

Energy-norm: $\|v\|_E = \left(\int_0^1 |v'(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2}$

How large is the error $u - U$ in $\|\cdot\|_E$?

$$\begin{aligned} \| (u - U)' \|^2 &= \int_0^1 (u - U)' (u - U)' dx = \left[\int_0^1 v' dx \right] \quad (G.O.) \\ &= \int_0^1 (u - U)' (u - v)' dx + \int_0^1 (u - U)' (v - U)' dx \\ &= \int_0^1 (u - U)' (u - v)' dx \leq \| (u - U)' \| \| (u - v)' \| \end{aligned}$$

[Cauchy-Schwarz inequality: $\int f g dx \leq \|f\| \|g\|$]

$$\Rightarrow \| (u - U)' \| \leq \| (u - v)' \| \quad \forall v \in V_h$$

$$\| u - U \|_E \leq \| u - v \|_E \quad \forall v \in V_h$$

Galerkin approx. optimal in energy norm?