

(3)

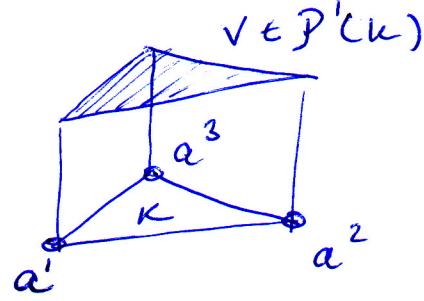
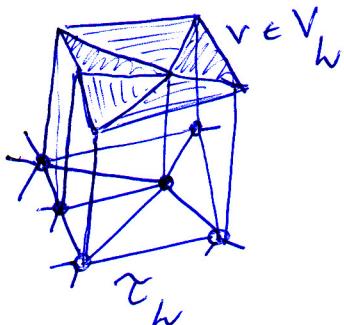
The diameter h_K of a triangle K =
longest side of K

Mesh function $v_h(x)$ of mesh \mathcal{T}_h =
p.w. constant function $v_h(x) = h_K$ for $x \in K$

$$V_h = \{v: v \text{ continuous on } \Omega, v|_K \in P'(K) \text{ for } K \in \mathcal{T}_h\}$$

$$P'(K) = \{\text{set of linear functions } v(x) \text{ on } K:\}$$

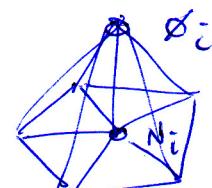
$$v(x) = c_0 + c_1 x_1 + c_2 x_2$$



Element basis functions for element K

with nodes $\{a^1, a^2, a^3\}$: Element
nodal basis functions $\lambda_i \in P'(K)$ $i=1,2,3$:

$$\lambda_i \quad \lambda_i(a^j) = \begin{cases} 1 & i=j \\ 0 & i \neq j \end{cases}$$



Global basis for V_h : tent functions

$$v \in V_h \Rightarrow v(x) = \sum_{i=1}^M v(N_i) \phi_i(x); \quad \phi_i(N_j) = \begin{cases} 1 & i=j \\ 0 & i \neq j \end{cases}$$