

# High Performance Manipulation

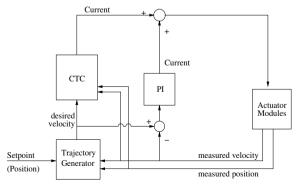


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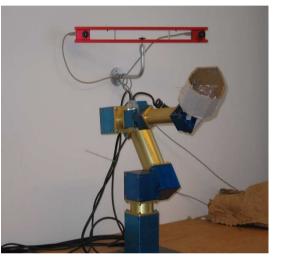
In order to perform experiments with dynamic manipulation, such as ball-catching, we have implemented a system with advanced dynamic performance.

## Mechanism Design

Available robots from industry or research institutions are often lacking in terms of end effector acceleration. We have designed and constructed a manipulator using commercial offthe-shelf actuators from Amtec robotics. This is specially designed for high acceleration and highly dynamic manipulation tasks.



Schematic of controller



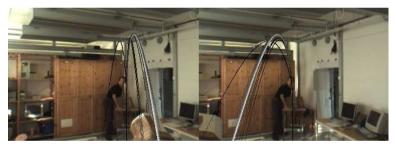
Manipulator and camera setup

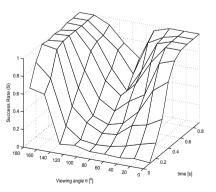
### Summary specifications

Total reach	0.91m
Max payload	5 kg
Max end effector velocity	7 m/s
Max end effector acceleration	140 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Max power consumption	5 kW
Moving mass	10.6 kg
Control bus	CAN (4 channels)
Control frequency	600/1200 Hz
External connection	UDP/IP
Control space	Joint/Cartesian
Control types	Position/Velocity
Camera resolution	320 x 240 px
Camera frequency	50 Hz

## Vision system for tracking

We have examined the impact of camera placement on the performance of an autonomous ball-catching task. Using a Kalman filter to track the ball, we simulate tracking performance with different placements of a stereo camera system and find that the optimal placement is either behind the thrower or behind the catcher (angle 0 or 180 degrees). The system has been verified to track 75% of benevolent throws well enough to catch using our manipulator.





View from the stereo camera system with predictions of ball trajectories overlaid (above).

Success rate of trajectory prediction as a function of angle and time (left).

#### References:

Mattias Bratt, Christian Smith and Henrik I Christensen. Design of a Control Strategy for Teleoperation of a Platform with Significant Dynamics, IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems (IROS 2006)

For further information, visit: http://www.cas.kth.se/~ccs/Popeve/ or contact: ccs@kth.se