DIRECT FEM-SIMULATION (DFS) OF TURBULENT (BLUFF BODY) FLOW

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INTRO: WE BELONG TO A TRADITION:

- MATHEMATICS
- MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS: PDEs
- CONSTRUCTIVE MATHEMATICS: COMPUTE
- FINITE ELEMENT MATHEMATICS
- AUTOMATED MATHEMATICAL SIMULATION

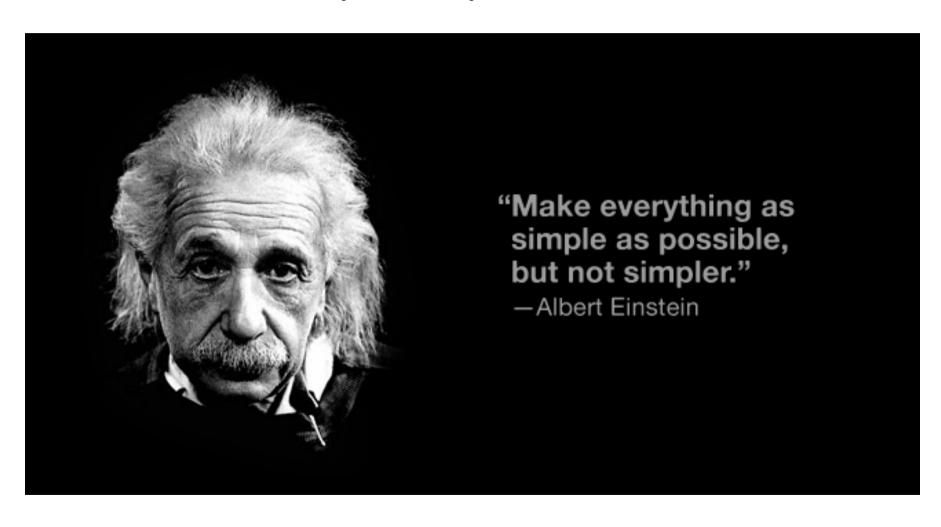
• EULER – D'ALEMBERT – NAVIER-STOKES – COURANT – LIONS - - -

HAMMING: PURPOSE OF COMPUTING:

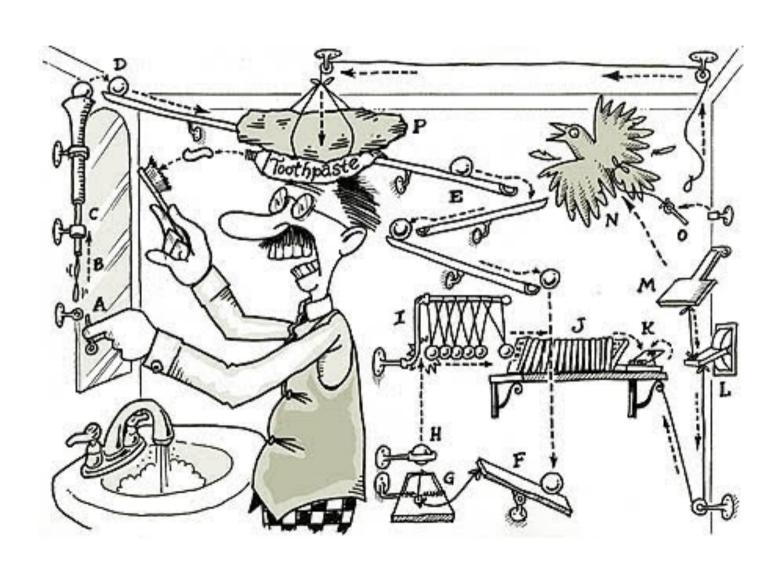


- INSIGHT UNDERSTANDING
- NOT NUMBERS

PLAN: MAKE FLUID MECH AS SIMPLE AS POSSIBLE (ASAP) BUT NOT SIMPLER



THIS IS OCKHAM'S RAZOR



FLUID MECH ASAP AS SIMPLE AS POSSIBLE BUT NOT SIMPLER

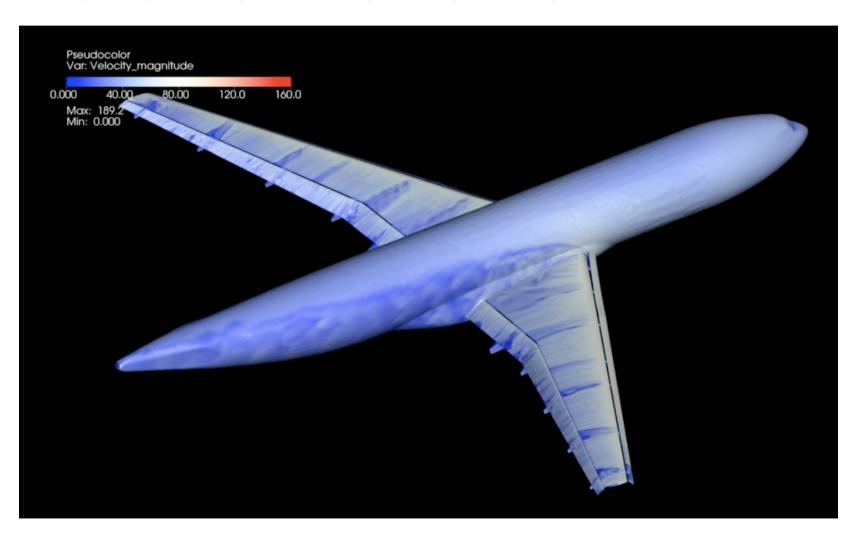
COMPUTABLE

UNDERSTANDABLE

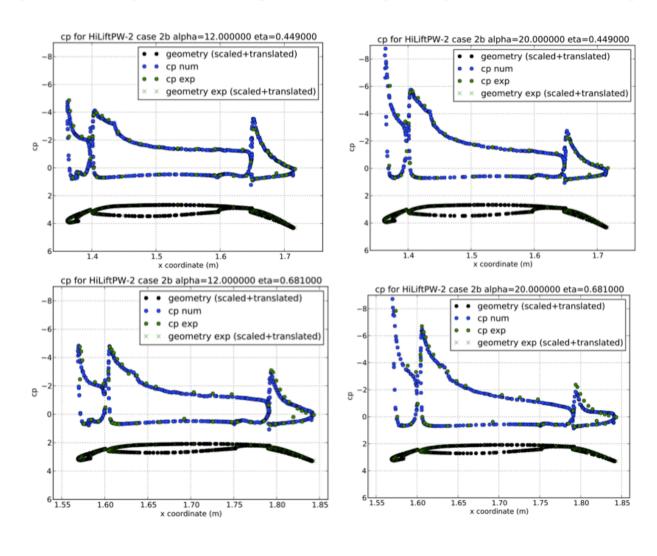
DFS: DIRECT FEM-SIMULATION

- NAVIER/STOKES (INCOMPRESSIBLE)
- HIGH REYNOLDS SMALL VISCOSITY
- SMALL SKIN FRICTION:
- SLIP BOUNDARY CONDITION
- RESIDUAL STABILIZED GALERKIN G2
- ADAPTIVE
- DUALITY BASED OUTPUT ERROR CONTROL
- NO TURBULENCE MODEL BEYOND RES STAB

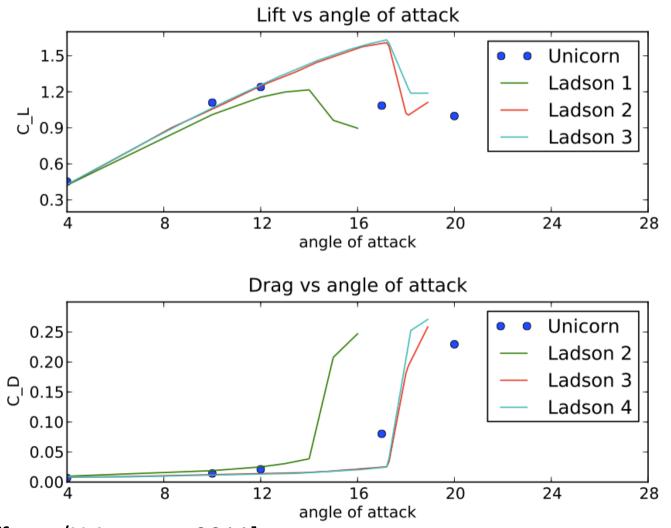
COMPUTABLE: 3 MILLION POINTS: FIRST SIMULATION OF FULL AIRPLANE



PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION: COMPUTATION = OBSERVATION

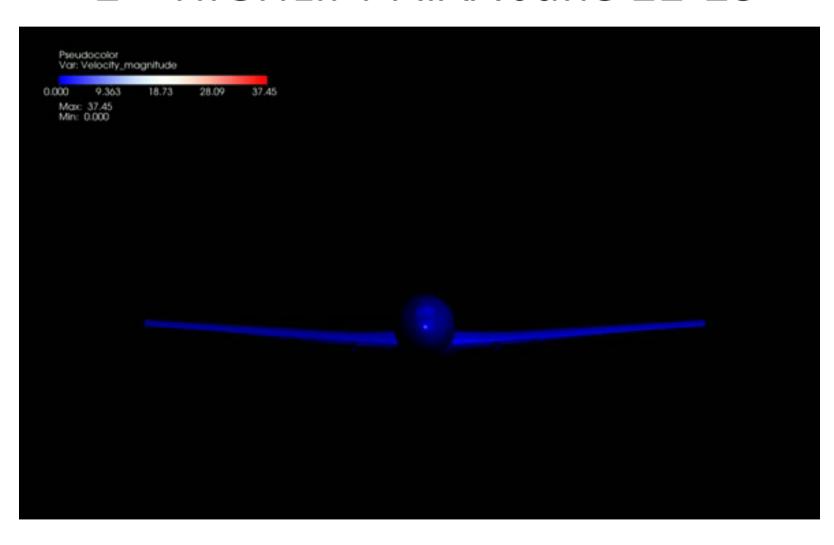


LIFT + DRAG NACA0012: COMPUTATION = OBSERVATION

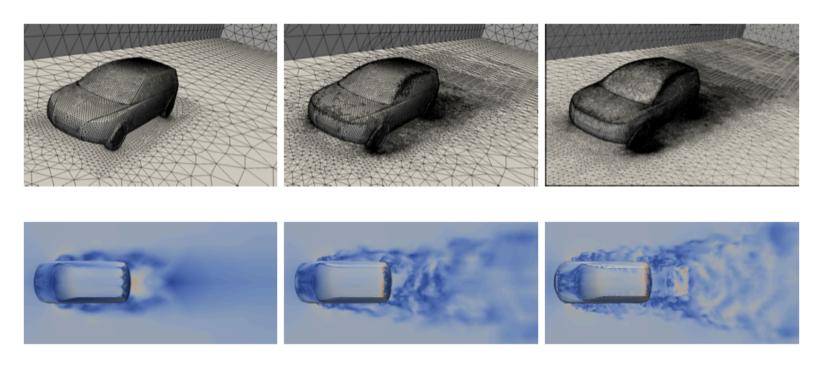


[J.Jansson/J.Hoffman/N.Jansson, 2011]

LOOK AT MOVIE CTL WEB PAGE 2nd HIGHLIFT AIAA June 22-23



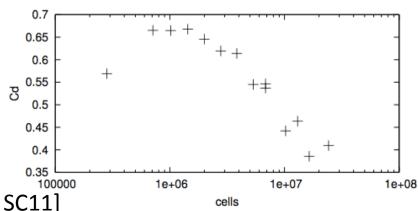
COMPUTABLE: DRAG OF CAR



[Geometric model from of Volvo Cars]

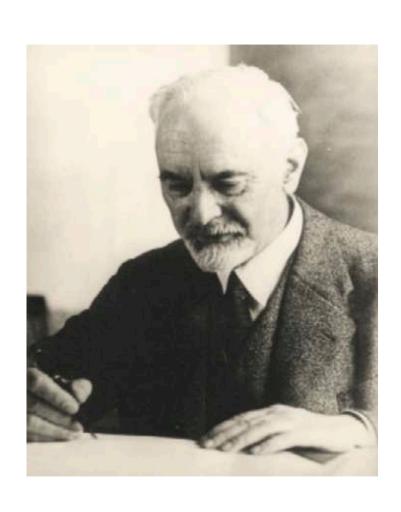
Aerodynamic drag

- Refine w.r.t error in drag
- ▶ Reference value $C_D = 0.359$

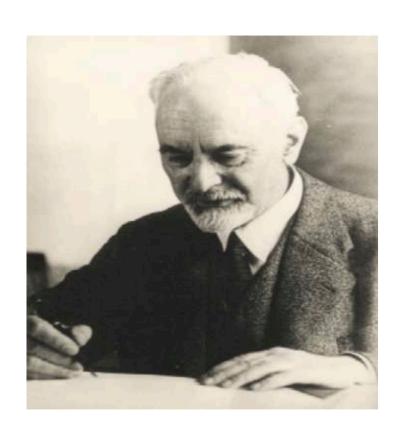


[N.Jansson/J.Hoffman/M.Nazarov Supercomputing SC11]

PRANDTL: BUT THIS IS IMPOSSIBLE!



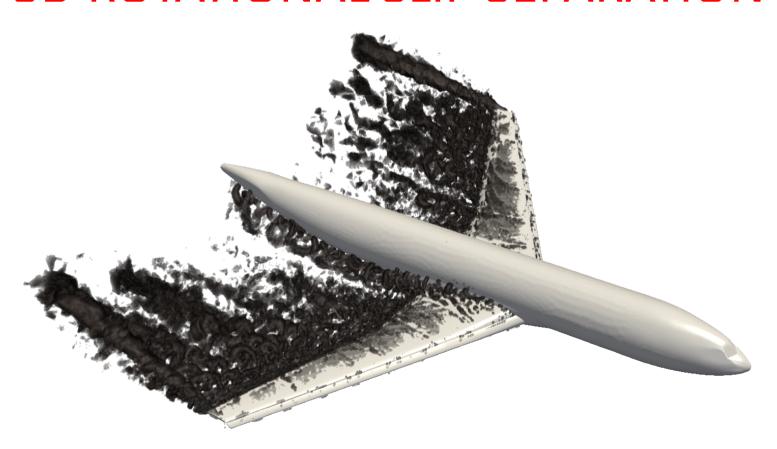
DRAG FROM BOUNDARY LAYER: NO BOUNDARY LAYER WITH SLIP YOU HAVE TO USE NO-SLIP!!



MOIN + KIM: YES! THIS IS IMPOSSIBLE!

- 10¹6 MESH POINTS NEEDED
- TO RESOLVE BOUNDARY LAYER
- PRANDTL: HAVE TO RESOLVE BOUNDARY LAYER
- WORK: 10³² = 10²⁰ X TODAYS CAPACITY
- MOORE'S LAW = WAIT 120 YEARS AT LEAST!
- NS: NOT COMPUTABLE

TURBULENT BLUFF BODY FLOW: UNDERSTANDABLE = POTENTIAL FLOW MODIFIED BY 3D ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION



BUT THIS IS IMPOSSIBLE!

TURBULENT FLOW IS NOT UNDERSTOOD

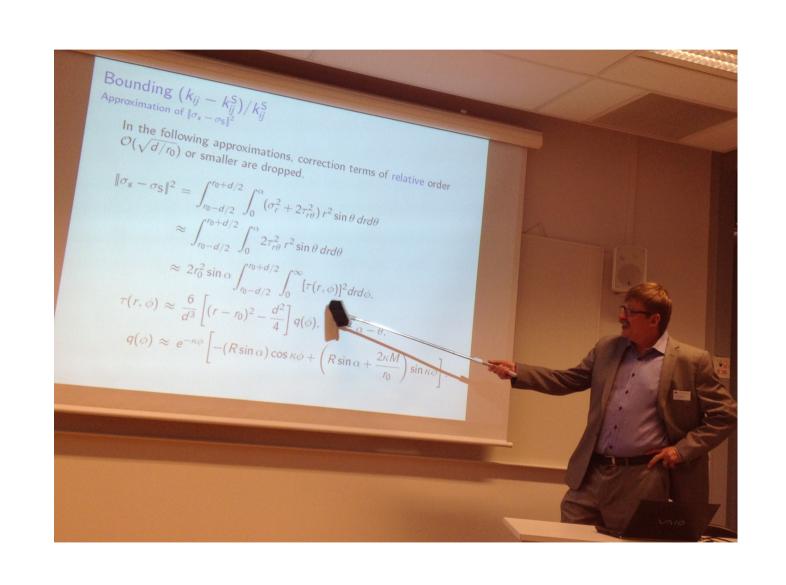
TURBULENT FLOW CANNOT BE UNDERSTOOD

TURBULENT WILL NEVER BE UNDERSTOOD

CALCULUS: AS DIFFICULT AS POSSIBLE



CALCULUS IS AN ART



SOLID MECHANICS: TOO SIMPLE



NITSCHE: FEM UNDERSTANDABLE! (AND THIS IS FUN!)



EULER 1750: FLUID MECHANICS: SIMPLE: POTENTIAL FLOW



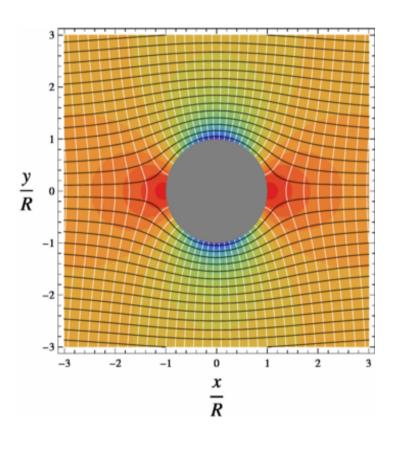
Everything that the theory of fluids contains is embodied in the two equations I have formulated. It is not the laws of mechanics that we lack in order to pursue this research, only the analysis which has not been sufficiently developed for this purpose.

D'ALEMBERT 1752: TOO SIMPLE POTENTIAL FLOW: ZERO DRAG



It seems to me that the theory (potential flow), developed in all possible rigor, gives, at least in several cases, a strictly vanishing resistance, a singular paradox which I leave to future **Geometers to** elucidate.

POTENTIAL FLOW: NS/SLIP ZERO DRAG



BIRKHOFF 1950: FM IS A MESS



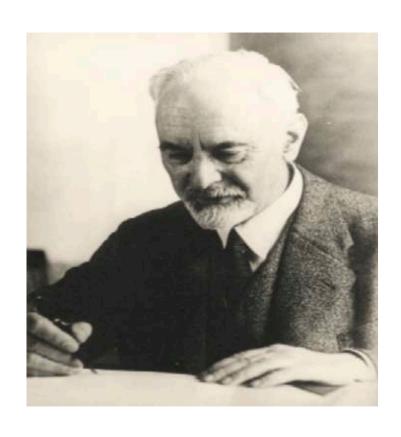
NO REASON TO BELIEVE THAT ANY POTENTIAL FLOW IS STABLE

HINSHELWOOD 1956: FM IS A MESS

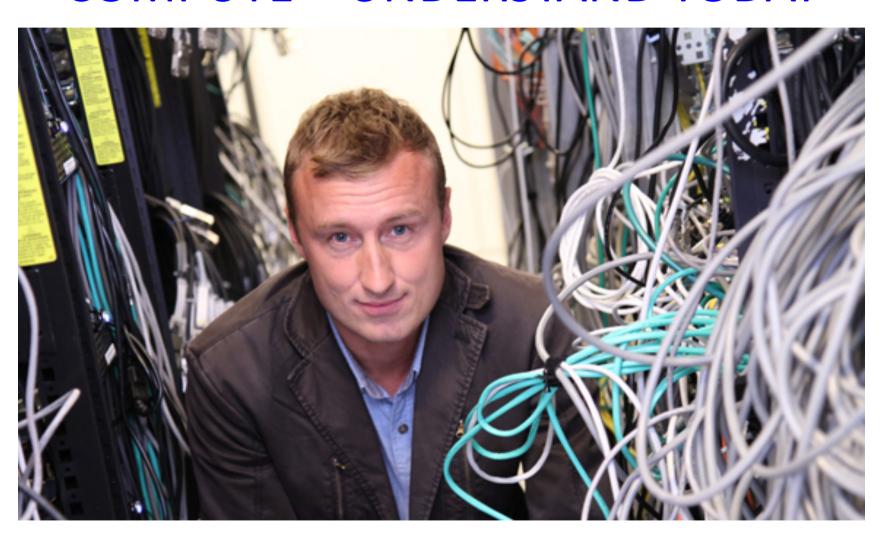


D'Alembert's paradox separated fluid mechanics from its start into theoretical fluid mechanics explaining phenomena which cannot be observed and practical fluid mechanics or hydraulics observing phenomena which cannot be explained.

FATHER OF MODERN FLUID MECH: NOT COMPUTABLE+UNDERSTANDABLE MODERN FM: A MESS



FM NOT A MESS: FM MADE ASAP: COMPUTE + UNDERSTAND TODAY

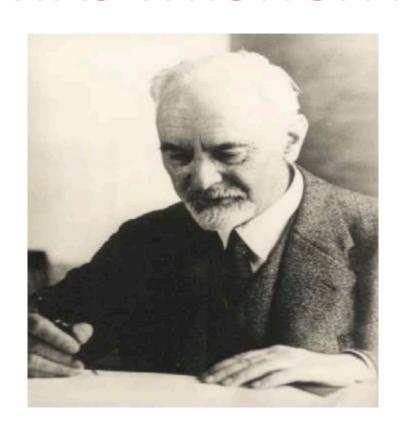


256 YEARS TO RESOLVE D'ALEMBERTS PARADOX 1752 - 2008

HOFFMAN-JOHNSON 2008 JMFM

BIRKHOFF WAS RIGHT 1950!

DRAG FROM BOUNDARY LAYER: UNPHYSICAL UNMATHEMATICAL: PRANDTL WAS WRONG: A MESS



SOCIOLOGY OF MODERN FLUID MECH:

- COMPUTABLE + UNDERSTANDABLE:
- MAKES FLUIDS COMMUNITY ANGRY:
- HAVE TO DO SOMETHING

- NOT COMPUTABLE + UNDERSTANDABLE:
- IS APPLAUDED BY FLUIDS COMMUNITY:
- OK TO DO NOTHING

TO SHOW PRANDTL WAS WRONG:

- HERESY
- NOT ALLOWED
- MUST BE STOPPED

SECRET OF FLIGHT

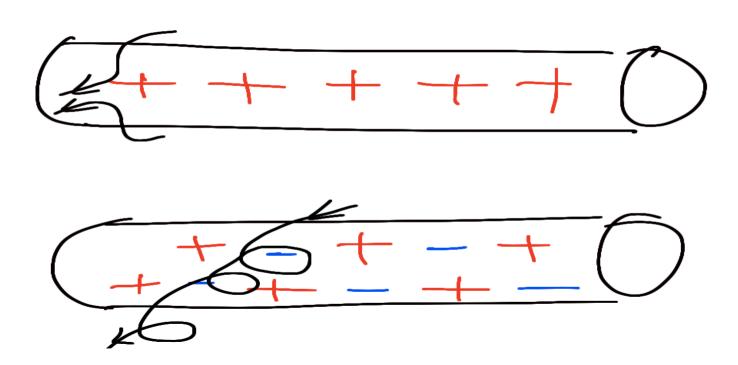
- NEW THEORY OF FLIGHT JMFM 2013!?
- OLD THEORY OF FLIGHT WRONG
- AIAA REJECTS NEW THEORY

HJ RESOLUTION 2008:

POTENTIAL FLOW NOT OBSERVED BECAUSE:

- UNSTABLE
- UNSTABLE AT SEPARATION
- IRROTATIONAL 2D SLIP SEPARATION

UNSTABLE HIGH PRESSURE REPLACED BY STABLE OSCILLATING PRESSURE PRESSURE ENERGY INTO KINETIC ROTATIONAL ENERGY BY BERNOULLI



PRANDTL 1904 RESOLUTION:

POTENTIAL FLOW NOT OBSERVED BECAUSE

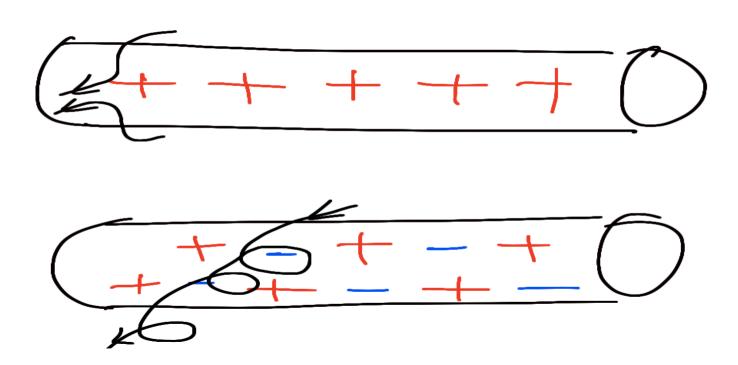
- SLIP
- NO BOUNDARY LAYER
- ALL FLOWS HAVE TO OBEY NO-SLIP!

HJ RESOLUTION 2008

- POTENTIAL FLOW MODIFIED BY
- ROTATIONAL 3D SLIP SEPARATION
- STABLE PHYSICAL

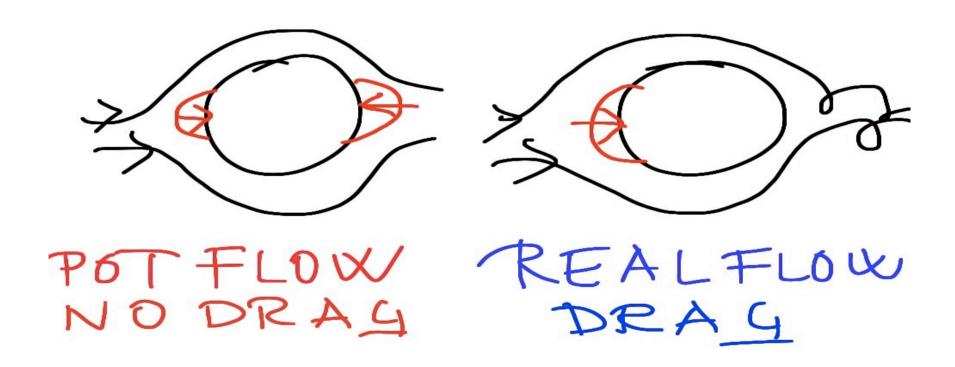
EULER'S DREAM COME TRUE

UNSTABLE HIGH PRESSURE REPLACED BY STABLE OSCILLATING PRESSURE PRESSURE ENERGY INTO KINETIC ROTATIONAL ENERGY BY BERNOULLI



RESOLUTION D'ALEMBERT'S PARADOX:

ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION WITHOUT PRESSURE RISE GIVES DRAG



BLUFF BODY FLOW: 90% OF FLUID MECHANICS: FORCES ON BODY

EXTERIOR FLOW:

• AIRPLANE, CAR, BOAT...

INTERIOR FLOW:

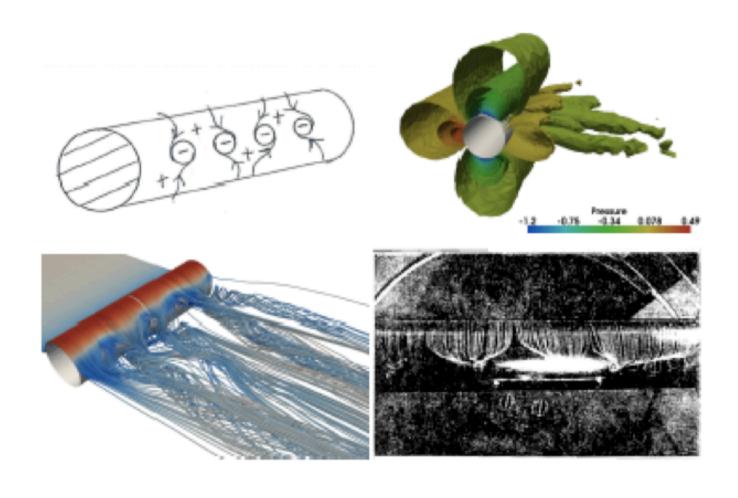
• ENGINE, HEART...

BLUFF BODY FLOW

- = POTENTIAL FLOW
- + 3D ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION

- COMPUTABLE
- UNDERSTANDABLE

REAL FLOW: ROTATIONAL SLIP SEP: NO HIGH PRESSURE AT SEP: DRAG



Linear stability analysis

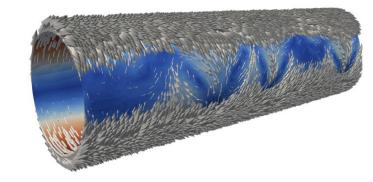
Linearized equations:

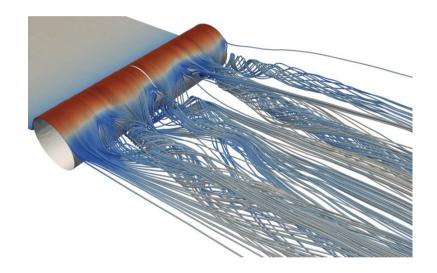
$$\partial \Phi / \partial t + (u \cdot \nabla) \Phi + (\Phi \cdot \nabla) u + \nabla \theta = 0, \nabla \cdot \Phi = 0$$

Vorticity equations:

$$\partial \omega / \partial t + (u \cdot \nabla) \omega - (\omega \cdot \nabla) u = 0, \ \omega = \nabla \times u$$

- Key for stability: solution gradient ∇u
- At separation: $\nabla u = [2 \ 0 \ 0; \ 0 \ -2 \ 0; \ 0 \ 0]$





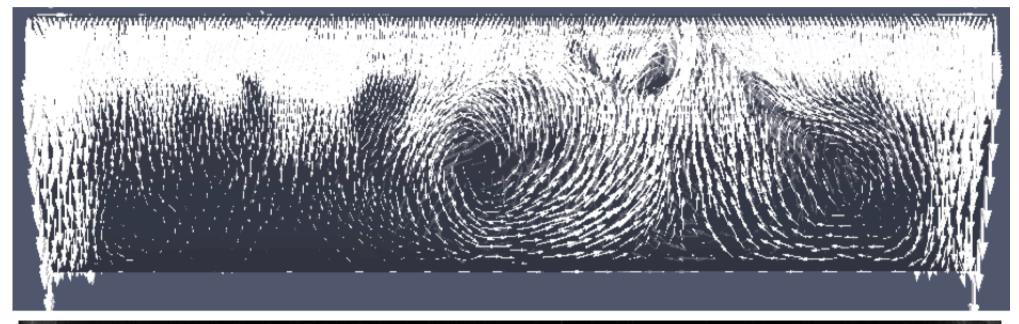
Potential solution is exponentially unstable at separation:

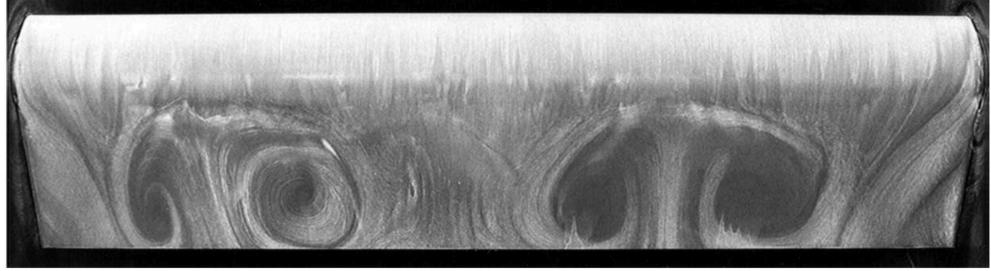
1.
$$\partial \Phi_2/\partial t + (u \cdot \nabla)\Phi_2 + \partial \iota/\partial_2 = 2\Phi_2$$
 (exponential growth of Φ_2)

2.
$$\partial \omega_1/\partial t + (u \cdot \nabla)\omega_1 = 2\omega_1$$
 (exponential growth of ω_1)

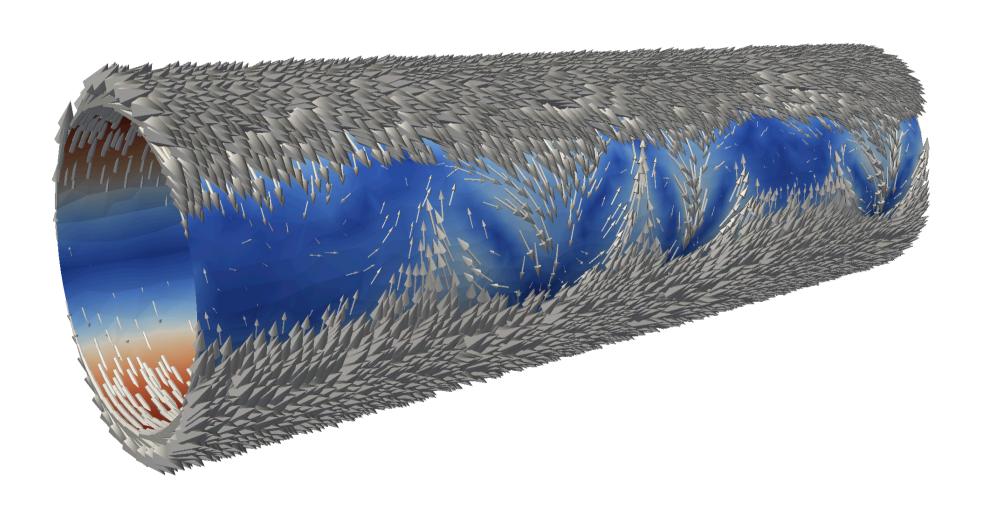
[J.Hoffman/C.Johnson, Springer 07, BIT 08, JMFM 08]

ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION: COMPUTATION VS EXPERIMENT

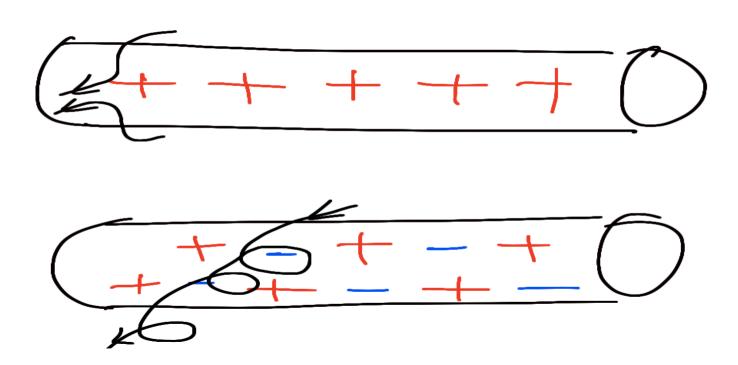




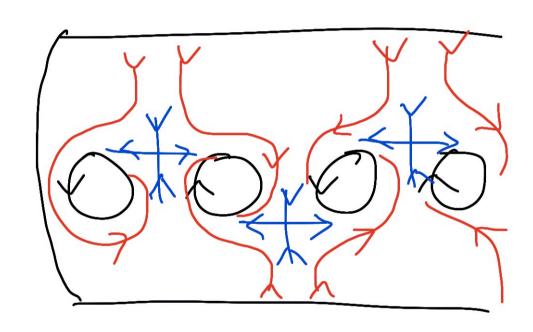
OPPOSING FLOW: RETARDATION



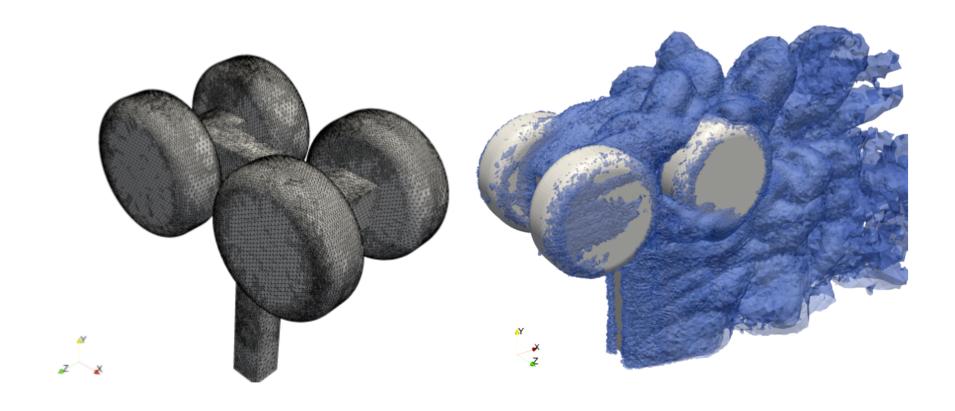
UNSTABLE HIGH PRESSURE REPLACED BY STABLE OSCILLATING PRESSURE PRESSURE ENERGY INTO KINETIC ROTATIONAL ENERGY BY BERNOULLI



POT FLOW SEP REPLACED BY 3D ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION



LANDING GEAR



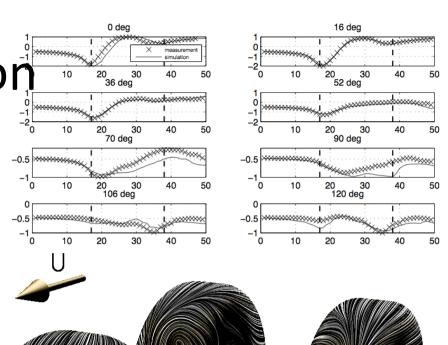
3D ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION

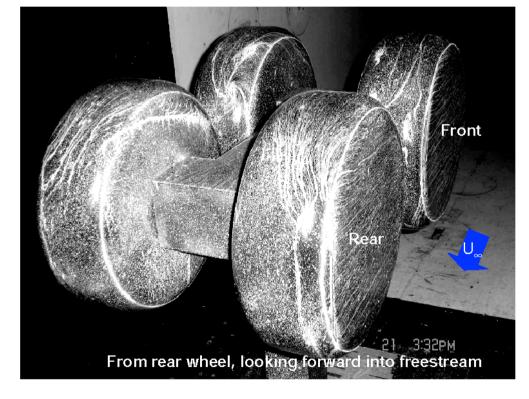


Experiment/Simulation

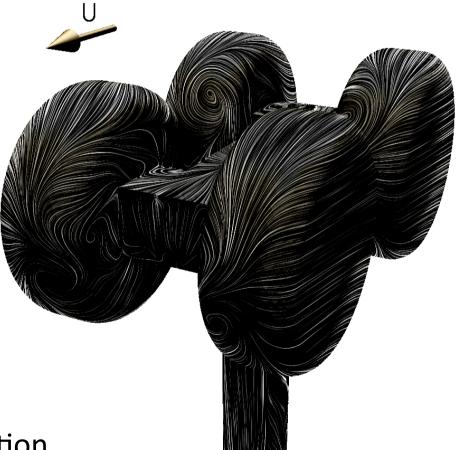
- surface pressures

- oil film visualization

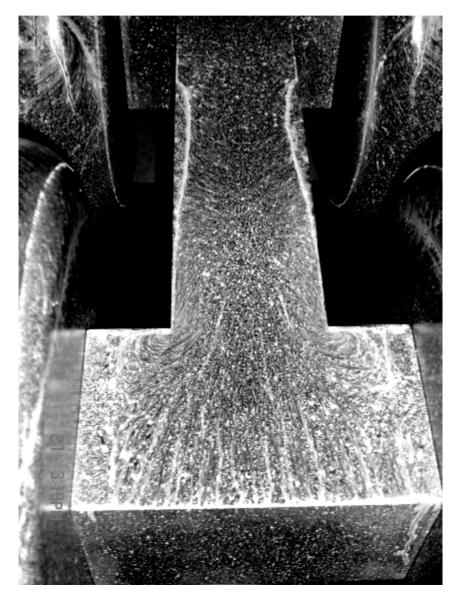




Surface flow separation patterns No boundary layer - inviscid separation

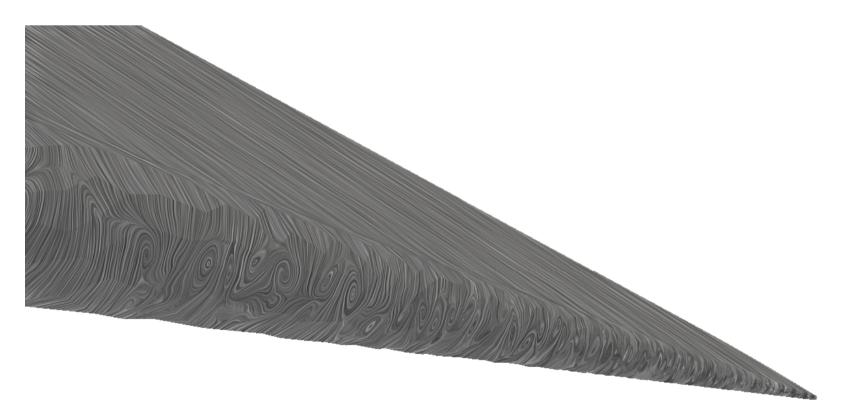


Experiment vs Simulation oil film visualization





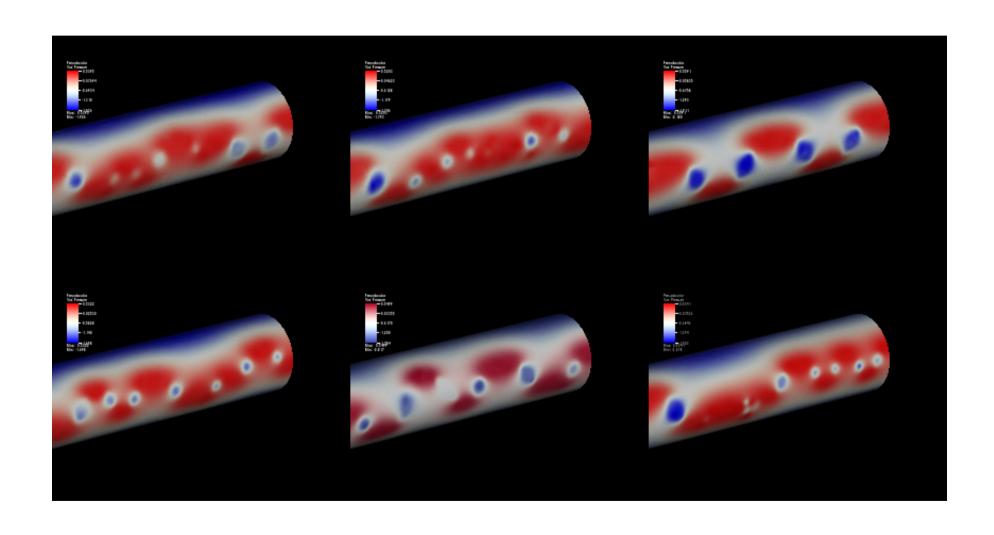
OILFILM FLOW: TRAILING EDGE AOA = 4



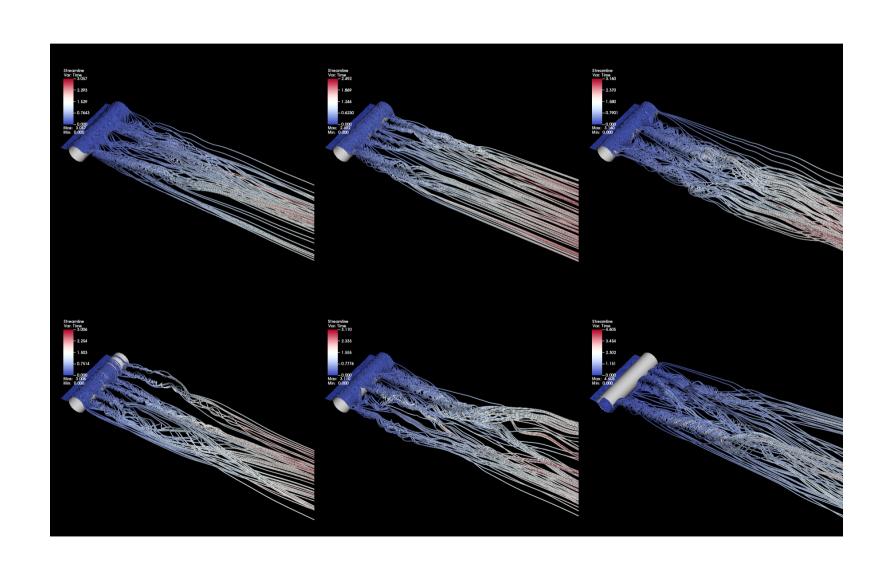
EFFECT OF

- INCREASING RE?
- DECREASING VISC?
- DECREASING MESH SIZE?

SURFACE PRESSURE: DRAG: CONST.



TURBULENT WAKE GETS LONGER



SWEEP GETS LONGER



REAL FLOW: POTENTIAL FLOW + 3D ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION:

- COMPUTABLE
- UNDERSTANDABLE

3D ROTATIONAL SLIP SEPARATION = ELEGANT SEPARATION

- LARGE SCALE STRUCTURE: COMPUTABLE
- MINIMIZE OPPOSING FLOW INSTABILITY
- ELIMINATE HIGH PRESSURE SEPARATION

- KUTTA CONDITION AT TRAILING EDGE
- SMOOTH ELEGANT SEPARATION
- SECRET OF FLIGHT = ELEGANT SEPARATION

DRAG AND LIFT OF BLUFF BODY COMPUTABLE + UNDERSTANDABLE

NEAR FIELD: RESOLVABLE

- FAR FIELD WAKE: NOT RESOLVABLE
- NO INFLUENCE ON SURFACE PRESSURE:
- DRAG + LIFT

DRAG AND LIFT OF BLUFF BODY COMPUTABLE + UNDERSTANDABLE

- UNDER MESH REFINEMENT:
- TOTAL TURBULENT DISSIPATION: CONSTANT
- DRAG SURFACE PRESSURE: CONSTANT
- LOCAL TURB DISSIPATION DECREASES
- SWEEP GETS LONGER

DRAG QUEEN



SLIP = SKIN FRICTION = 0

- SLIP
- FORCE BOUNDARY CONDITION
- NEUMANN CONDITION

FORCE KNOWN: SKIN FRICTION = SMALL

 WE BREAK THE DICTATE BY PRANDTL TO USE NO-SLIP: HERESY!

OBSERVE SMALL SKIN FRICTION: USE SLIP:

DISCOVER: NO BOUNDARY LAYERS

OBSERVATION

NOT HYPOTHESIS

WE DO NOT SAY THAT THERE ARE NO BOUNDARY LAYERS

- WE SIMPLY DON'T TALK ABOUT THEM!
- OCKHAMS RAZOR: WE DON'T NEED THEM

- WE DO NOT SPEAK ABOUT GHOSTS
- WE DO NOT SAY THAT THEY DO NOT EXIST
- WE DON'T NEED THEM

DFS BLUFF BODY FLOW POSSIBLE: REAL FLIGHT SIMULATOR POSSIBLE



REAL NS SAILING SIMULATOR



SOME REFERENCES 2013

- J.Hoffman, J.Jansson, R.Vilela de Abreu, C.Degirmenci, N.Jansson, K.Müller, M.Nazarov and J.Hiromi Spühler, Unicorn: parallel adaptive finite element simulation of turbulent flow and fluid-structure interaction for deforming domains and complex geometry, Computer and Fluids, Vol.80, pp.310-319, 2013.
- R.Vilela de Abreu, J.Hoffman and N.Jansson, Towards the development of adaptive finite element methods for aeroacoustics, submitted
- J.Jansson, J.Hoffman and N.Jansson, Simulation of 3d unsteady incompressible flow past a NACA 0012 wing section, submitted
- J.Hoffman, J.Jansson and C.Johnson, New Theory of Flight, submitted
- J.Jansson, N.C.Degirmenci and J.Hoffman, Framework for adaptive fluidstructure interaction with industrial applications, Int. J. Materials Engineering Innovation, in press.
- M.Nazarov and J.Hoffman, Residual based artificial viscosity for simulation of turbulent compressible flow using adaptive finite element methods, Int. J. Num. Methods Fluids, Vol.71(3), pp.339-357, 2013.

CJ ON LINE

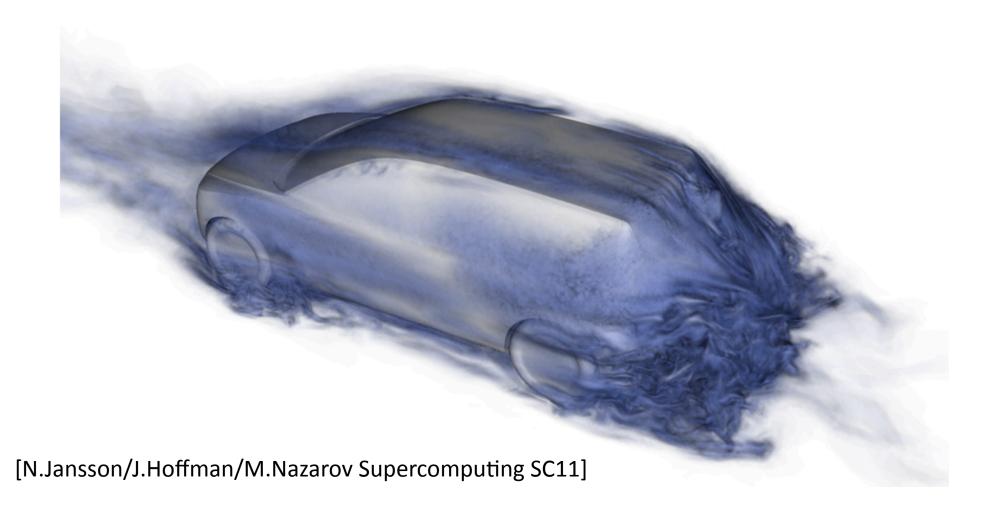
http://claesjohnson.blogspot.se

- MATHEMATICAL SIMULATION TECHNOLOGY
- WORLD AS COMPUTATION
- SECRET OF FLIGHT
- COMPUTATIONAL BLACKBODY RADIATION
- BOOKS

DUAL SOLUTION: SENSITIVITY

Dual solution

The solution charaterize sensitivty in the output (drag)



DUAL SOLUTION: SENSITIVITY

